

Orton, president, League of Women Voters of San Jose/Santa Clara; Fran Packard, president, Bay Area League of Women Voters; Sally Probst, president, League of Women Voters of Palo Alto; Nancy Roberts, president, AAUW, Palo Alto; Jeanine Meyer Rodriguez, SEIU Local 715; Linda Romley-Irvine, executive director, Community Breast Health Project; Mary Ann Sabie, president, Central San Mateo County of Women Voters; Marcy Schultz, business manager, Building Trades Council; Kristina Sermersheim, Service Employees No. 715; Charlene Shores, AFSCME, Council No. 57; Dorothy W. Smith, Elizabeth Toledo, president, California NOW; Betty Torrez, AAUW; Arleen Vallejo, program coordinator, the Women's Center; Ellen C. Weaver, Ph.D., Association for Women in Science; and Eleanor Curry Williams, Black Women in County Government and Linda Williams, executive director, Planned Parenthood Mar Monte.

We also honor the following members of our district's youth commissions: from San Mateo County: Priscilla Aguirre, Cassie Bergero, Catherine Bursak, Monica Yvonne Fuentes, Fiona Hsu, Virginia S. Lin, Nina Lu, Regina McMenomy, Anshu Mohllajee, Katie Moroney, Cecilia Pena, C.J. Ross, Mona Lisa Safai, Jocelyne Takatsuno, and Laurel Whitnah; and from Santa Clara County: Nashua Rachel Carlos, Siobahn E. O'Laoghaire, Carmen S. Paredes, Persees Goebel, Laurie Aguinaga, and Kristin Higaki.

In addition, we honor the young women who serve on the Student Advisory Board of the 14th Congressional District: Lisa Coar, Ashley Fay, Jessica Ginsburg, Shelly Gulati, JoAnn Hsiao, Aisha Machtinger, Alana Paull, Sara Tesfazghi, Caroline Tsou, and Serene Zloof.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in saluting these remarkable women and the extraordinary contributions they are making to their communities. These great leaders are fitting representatives of the many women who make history every day, and their efforts on behalf of the people of California's 14th Congressional District are invaluable and appreciated by all.

DISTINGUISHED PROFESSOR

HON. MICHAEL P. FORBES

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Mr. FORBES. Mr. Speaker, I want to speak today on the occasion of the retirement of Robert R. Sokal, distinguished professor of ecology and evolution, at the State University of New York at Stony Brook, where his colleagues, former students, and family will gather on March 18, 1995, to honor him and his accomplishments.

Dr. Sokal began his teaching career at the University of Kansas in the summer of 1951, where he spent 18 years. He came to the University at Stony Brook in 1969.

During his years in academia, he has secured many honors, including being a member of the National Academy of Sciences, a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, correspondent of the Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle in Paris, fellow of the Guggenheim Foundation, fellow of the Center for Advanced Study in Behav-

ioral Sciences at Stanford University, and winner of the Distinguished Statistical Ecologist Award of the International Association for Ecology.

He has conducted pioneering research in ecological genetics and is a founder of the field of numerical taxonomy. He developed important statistical methods that he and others have applied to study geographic variation, ethnohistory, and mathematical classification.

A coauthor of 10 books, he has contributed to over 175 learned papers in the biological sciences, and has served as editor of the *American Naturalist*, a flagship journal in ecology and evolution.

He has been elected to high office in many scientific organizations, including the American Society of Naturalists, the Society for the Study of Evolution, the Classification Society, and the International Federation of Classifications Societies.

At Stony Brook he has served as vice provost for research, department chairperson, and professor.

Born in Vienna, Austria, he and his family fled to Shanghai, China, in 1939, to allow his father's release from the infamous Dachau and Buchenwald concentration camps. He met his wife, Julie Chenchu Yang, when they were both students at St. John's University in Shanghai. They have two children, David and Hannahk, and three grandchildren.

TRIBUTE TO MAYOR SAM HALLOIN

HON. TOBY ROTH

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Mr. ROTH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a leader who provided both a bedrock of stability and a progressive vision for the community in which he served.

After 16 years at City Hall, Mayor Sam Halloin of Green Bay, WI, will leave office to begin a well-earned retirement.

When Sam steps down this spring as the city's longest-serving mayor, the citizens of Green Bay will remember him as both a skilled political tactician and as a sculptor who shaped the city of Green Bay for nearly a generation.

As the guide of a changing city, it has been said that Sam tied all the loose ends together both in the community and in city council chambers, where he often encountered disagreement but never turned down an opportunity to listen to another's point of view.

From the beginning of his political career, Sam dedicated himself to considering all sides of an argument, announcing in his bid for the mayor's office: "I do not have the answers to all the problems that face us, but I will work actively for an honest government that will be responsible and objective in its service to the public."

Apparently, that was exactly what the people of Green Bay were looking for. They elected him to lead their city in 1979, defeating former Mayor Thomas Atkinson.

Sam's political career began in 1962 when he was first elected to city council. In 1974 he was elected city council president and served for two terms. He also served two terms as Brown County board chairman before announcing his candidacy for mayor in 1978.

In each of his successive mayoral terms, Sam Halloin added to a list of accomplishments with wide-ranging benefits to the city and people of Green Bay.

His successful completion of city projects such as the Old Fort Square development, East Town Mall and the industrial park created jobs and provided a boost to the local economy while many cities suffered through a recession.

Mayor Halloin helped transform Green Bay into an even more popular tourism and business destination with the construction of the Embassy Suites and Regency Conference Center.

He also was successful in negotiating the construction of a \$6 million State office building in downtown Green Bay, drawing hundreds of workers into the downtown area and creating a positive ripple effect in the local economy.

Always eager to share the credit, Mayor Halloin admitted recently that "as Mayor, you don't do anything on your own. You do it by working with others, and either you get the support of the Council or you don't."

Mayor Sam Halloin is still drawing the support necessary for creating jobs in the community. In the past year, Sam helped bring a large-scale revitalization proposal for the Broadway neighborhood to passage, and has guided city purchases of riverfront property to be sold to private owners.

Sam's dedication to the economic well-being of Green Bay and its residents will not be forgotten. Fortunately, the community will benefit from Sam's vision and initiative for years to come. In his years of service, he pointed Green Bay down a secure path to the 21st Century without compromising the hometown feel and neighborly spirit of this great Northeast Wisconsin community.

I wish to commend Mayor Sam Halloin for his years of hard work and service to the city of Green Bay, and wish him well as he faces the new challenges that await him outside City Hall.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I yield the floor.

WELCOMING HIS MAJESTY HASSAN II, KING OF MOROCCO

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I invite my colleagues to join me in extending a warm welcome to the United States to His Majesty Hassan II, King of Morocco, who is visiting our country over the next few days.

Not only is King Hassan an outstanding and long-time friend of the United States, who has championed the cause of economic progress and democracy in his own country and peace and progress in the Middle East conflict, but he is the head of state of a country with which the United States has had a long and friendly relationship. Morocco was the first nation to recognize the independence of the United States of America in 1777, and it has been a steadfast ally of our country since that time.

During the 33 years of his reign, King Hassan has presided over the remarkable economic and political development of the Kingdom of Morocco. He was a dynamic leader in